



ND Department of Emergency Services

DESAC Meeting February 17, 2012

Amy Anton, Operations and Planning Chief ajanton@nd.gov or 701-328-8124

Date: 28MAR10 TOT: 1348Z Location: hallock, nd Latitude: N 48° 27.73' / Longitude: W 097° 07.30' Object: hallock bridge

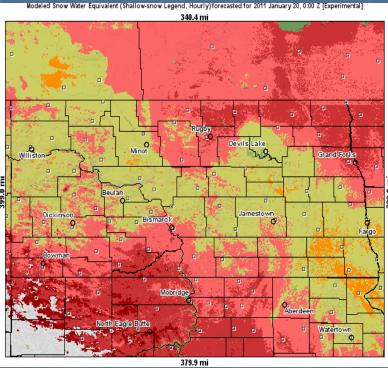


Setting the Stage

- Very wet conditions in the summer and fall of 2010
- State entered winter will full sloughs and waterways and saturated ground.
- A cool and wet early winter produced a substantive snowpack across much of North Dakota.
- Some areas of the state reached near record snowfall.
- Excessive and residual rainfall in 2010, coupled with excessive winter snow to date and prospects for below normal temperatures and above normal precipitation will likely result in moderate to major flooding for many area lakes and rivers.



January 20, 2011









Not Estimate

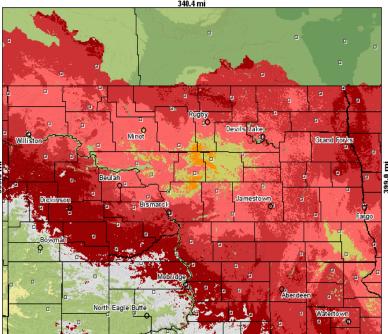
Elevation in feet (Not estimated)



Snow Water Equivalent Comparison of 2009 and 2011

January 20, 2009

Modeled Snow Water Equivalent (Shallow-snow Legend, Hourly) for 2009 January 20, 0:00 Z 340.4 mi





Inches of water equivalent

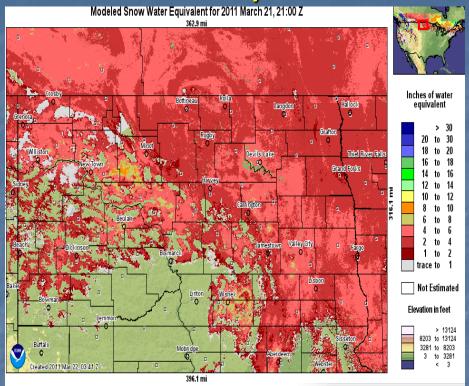


Not Estimated

Elevation in feet (Not estimated)

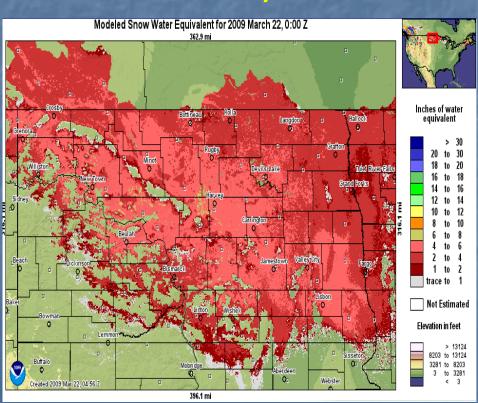


March 21, 2011



Snow Water Equivalent Comparison of 2009 and 2011

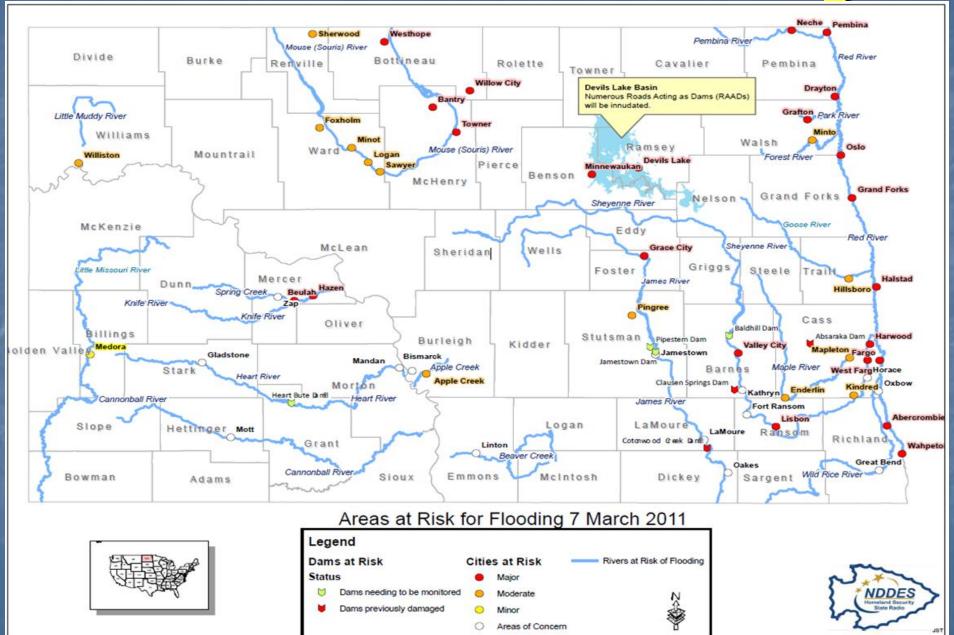
March 21, 2009



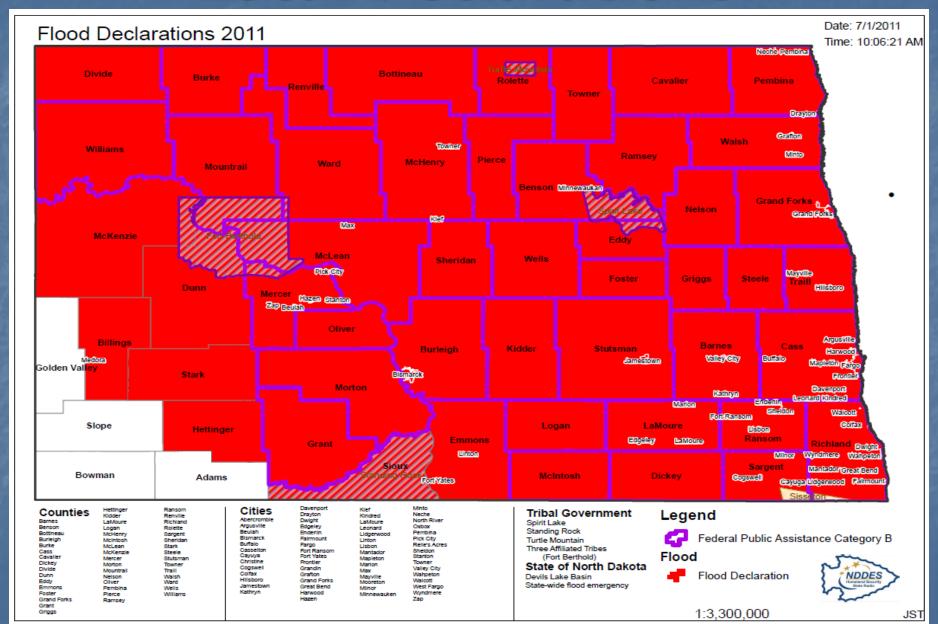
Flood Outlook

- Spring Flood Outlooks issued by the National Weather Service (NWS) indicated a strong potential for major flooding this spring similar to events experienced in 2010, if not 2009.
- Local jurisdictions began implementing flood protective measures (i.e. levee construction, contracting of pumps, sandbag filling operations, etc)
- State agencies began flood preparedness activities
 (i.e. planning, resource inventorying, identification of potential impacts/resource needs, etc)

Areas at Risk for Flooding



Local Declarations



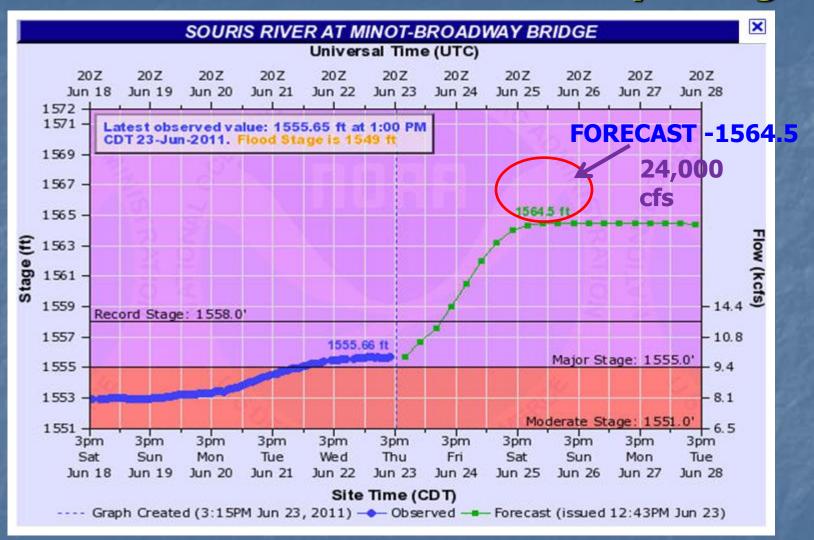
Too Much Water For Too Long

- All corners of the state; all river basins
- 10 months of flooding
 - First report of flooding in Belcourt on February 14
 - Initial focus in March was eastern ND
 - Focus shifted to Missouri and Souris Rivers in May/June
 - Water levels dropped below flood pool elevation at Jamestown and Pipestem Dams in mid-November
- Fargo experienced 150 days above Flood Stage (March 29 through August 27)
- State EOC was activated for 181 days; 31 days at 24/7

Another Another Record Setting Year

21 Records

Souris River @ Minot Broadway Bridge



Crested at 1,561.66 ft
June 25th

1969 - 1555.40 (+6.26 ft) 1881 - 1558.00 (+3.66 ft)

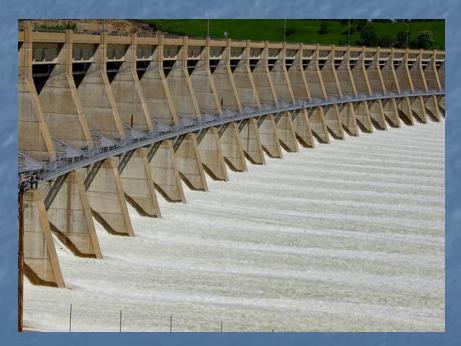
Missouri River near Williston

- Crested at 30.53 ft on June 21
- Nearly 3 ft higher than previous record of 28 ft set in 1912
- Average June gauge stage at Williston is 18.45 feet.



Garrison Dam

- USACE originally forecasted releases of 55,000 cfs the weekend of May 21-22
- Releases topped out at 150,000 cfs on June 17
 More than double the previous record of 65,200 cfs set in 1975

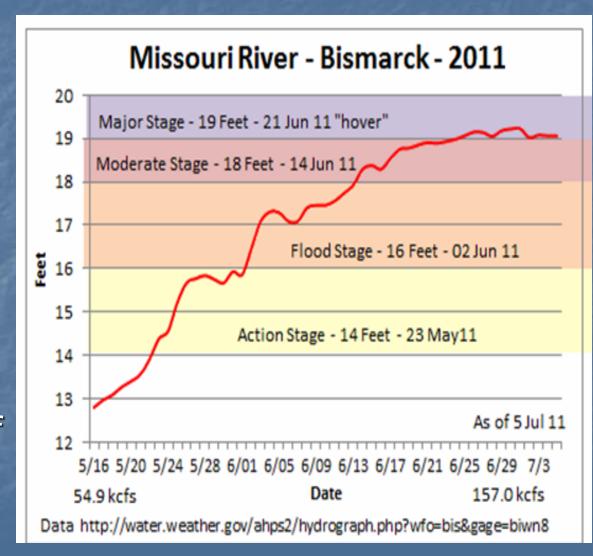




<u>Note</u>: USACE opened Lake Sakakawea spillway gates on June 1 for the 1st time in history to release flood water

Bismarck/Mandan Crest

- Missouri River at
 Bismarck crested at
 record stage of
 19.23 ft on July 1
 (provisional USGS data)
 - The previous
 river stage
 record, post dam, was 16.11
 ft in the spring of
 2009 as a result
 of an ice jam.



Jamestown and Pipestem Dams

- Significant snowmelt runoff
- Persistent heavy rains in June/July
- Combined releases
 - 1,800 cfs releases began April 17
 - 2,400 cfs September 2 through October 18 and then slowly decreased
 - Flood control pool was evacuated on November 7 at Jamestown Dam and November 14 at Pipestem Dam

Record amount of water passed through Jamestown

- The flow volume at the James River at Jamestown stream gage for 2011 was expected to be 830,000 acre feet.
- This is the highest flow volume on record at the gage exceeding:
 - 520,000 acre feet in 2009
 - 420,000 acre feet in 1997.



Devils Lake Basin

Froze Up in 2010 – 1451.6 msl

July 27, 2011 – 1454.4 msl

February 16, 2012 – 1453.37 msl



Missouri River, Williston

- 1) 30.53 ft on 6/21/11
- 2) 28.00 ft on 4/NA**/1912
- 3) 26.60 ft on 3/8/94

No established flood stage

Mouse River, Sherwood

1) 28.16 ft on 6/23/11 2) 25.15 ft on 4/10/76 3) 24.72 ft* on 4/11/69

NWS flood stage 18 ft

2) 21.90 ft on 4/20/1904 3) 21.30 ft on 4/17/76 NWS flood stage 14 ft

1) 24.37 ft on 6/25/11

Mouse River,

Minot

Mouse River, Westhope

- 1) 22.95 ft on 7/3/11
- 2) 19.16 ft on 4/26/76 3) 17.56 ft* on 4/19/69
- NIVS flood stage 10 ft

2) 11.68 ft on 4/21/97

3) 8.08 ft on 4/21/97 No established flood stage

1) 9.29 ft on 4/11/11

2) 8.43 ft on 4/16/09

Shevenne River, Warwick

Mauvais Coulee, Cando

- 1) 12.42 ft on 4/15/11
- 3) 11.57 ft on 4/15/09 No established flood stage

Yellowstone River. Sidney, Mont.

- 1) 24.03 ft* on 3/6/94 2) 22.08 ft on 3/19/11
- 3) 21.67 ft on 2/17/71 NWS flood stage 19 ft

Little Missouri River, Medora 1) 20.50 ft on 3/23/47 2) 20.39 ft on 5/25/11 3) 18.68 ft* on 3/11/72 NWS flood stage 15 ft

The purpose of this map is to provide a glimpse of the severity of the 2011 flood events in various river systems throughout the state. At every location depicted on the map, the top three historic crests are listed, along with the National Weather Service (NWS) established flood stage. For every location on the map, the 2011 peaks were at least in the top three. (Note that not every location in the state that experienced a top three historic crest in 2011 was depicted on the map.)

All of the data were provided through the United States Geological Survey's Water Watch website. Also note that all 2011 data are provisional and are subject to revision.

*Gage height affected by backwater from ice. **NA means no specific date is available.

A Comparison of **Historic River Crests** With 2011 Flood Events

Sheyenne River, Lisbon

1) 22.86 ft on 4/16/09

2) 21.69 ft on 4/20/11

3) 19.46* ft on 3/22/10

NWS flood stage 15 ft

Red River, Pembina

- 1) 54.94 ft on 4/26/97
- 2) 52.71 ft on 4/15/09
- 3) 52.06 ft on 4/24/11
- NWS flood stage 39 ft

Red River, **Grand Forks**

- 1) 54.35 ft on 4/22/97
- 2) 50.20 ft on 4/10/1897
- 3) 49.88 ft on 4/14/11
- NWS flood stage 28 ft

Sheyenne River, Cooperstown

- 1) 19.51 ft on 4/14/11
- 2) 19.13 ft on 4/18/96
- 3) 18.69 ft on 4/17/50
- No established flood stage

Red River, Fargo

- 1) 40.84 ft on 3/28/09
- 2) 39.72 ft on 4/18/97
- 3) 38.81 ft on 4/9/11
- NWS flood stage 18 ft

Sheyenne River, Valley City

- 1) 20.69 ft on 4/13/09
- 2) 20.66 ft on 4/18/11
- 3) 18.78 ft on 4/21/96
- NWS flood stage 15 ft

Missouri River, Bismarck (Post Garrison Dam)

- 1) 19.25 ft on 7/1/11
- 2) 16.11 ft* on 3/24/09
- NWS flood stage 16 ft

3) 14.80 ft* on 1/13/83

Evacuations Orders Included

- Mouse River Park
- Sawyer
- Velva
- Burnt Creep Loop
- Southport Phase II
- Minot
- Rural subdivisions and areas in Ward County
- Schlosser's 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th Additions
- Seidler Addition
- Foxholm
- Tokach Timberhaven
- Whispering Bay
- Areas south of Washburn

- Logan
- Harbor Drive
- Whispering Point
- Rural areas of Burleigh County
- Glenwood Estates
- Sundown Estates
- River Place
- Georgianna Acres
- Fox Island
- Briardale
- Hogue Island
- Hidden Areas
- Jetty Beach
- Southport
- Carvell Estates



Initial Unified Command

- ND Division of Homeland Security
- ND State Water Commission



Later expanded to include additional agencies.

State/Federal Agencies in the SEOC

- State WaterCommission
- Division of Homeland Security
- Division of StateRadio
- Department of Transportation
- NWS
- USACE

- Department of Human Services
- Highway Patrol
- Division of Animal Health
- National Guard
- Department of Health
- FEMA
- State/Fed Air/Marine
 Operations Branch

State/Fed Air/Marine Operations Branch

- ND Dept of Emergency Services
- ND Civil Air Patrol
- ND National Guard
- ND Department of Transportation
- ND Game and Fish
- Federal Emergency Management Agency
- Federal Aviation Administration
- US Customs and Border Protection
- US Forest Service
- US Department of Defense
- US Coast Guard
- US Fish and Wildlife
- Local Mutual Aid
- Other State and Local Agencies

Human Rescues: 16
Animal Rescues: 5
Imagery Sorties: 101
UAS Sorties: 8
Response Assistance: 73





Requests for Assistance

- Sandbags & Poly
- Sandbag Machines
- HESCO
- TrapBag
- Pumps & Hose
- Generators
- Boats/Air boats
- Traffic Control
- Commodities
- Sandbagging
- 1 Ton Sandbags
- Flatbeds
- NDDES Command Trailers
- NDDES Antenna Trailers





- Aerial Surveillance/Recon
- Forklifts
- Backhoes
- Dump Trucks
 - **Technical Assistance**
 - Levee and Dike Construction/Removal
 - Search and Rescue
- Dike Patrol
- Personnel

SEOC processed 679 requests for assistance.

Emergency Management Assistance Compact (EMAC)

- National Guard Soldiers and Equipment
- Aviation Resources (C130 to move TrapBags from Louisiana to Minot, ND)
- HESCO



Federal Agencies

- FEMA
- Corps of Engineers
- Coast Guard
- Fish and Wildlife
- Forest Service
- Border Patrol
- Department of Defense
- Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives
- Marshals Service
- Air Marshals
- Drug Enforcement Administration
- Tennessee Valley Authority

- Department of Health and Human Services
- Environmental Protection Agency
- USDA APHIS Veterinary Services
- Customs and Border Protection
- National Weather Service
- Department of Agriculture
- Federal Protective Services
- General Services Administration
- Occupational Safety & Health Administration

FEMA — 475 personnel
Other Federal Agencies — 470 personnel

Challenges

- Statewide Impacts
 - Widespread
 - Every water basin/system was affected
 - Events occurred in rapid succession and/or simultaneously
- Multiple Crests
- Limited Resources
- Duration of Incident
- Staffing
- Road Closures
- Repeated significant precipitation events in flooded areas



Challenges

- Unchartered Territory
- Significant bank erosion
- Scouring
- Concern for exposure of pipelines running
 - under the Missouri River
- Creation of new river channels
- Formation of a delta south of Bismarck/Mandan



ND FLOODS



























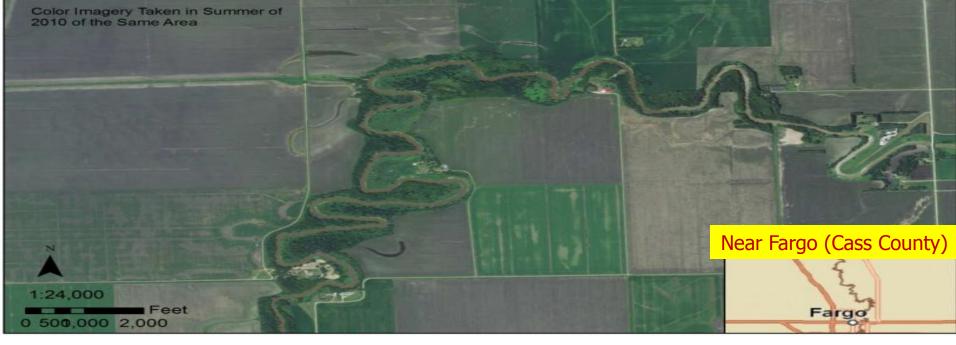
2,000

500

1,000



















Minot (Ward County)



June 22, 2011 @ 10:00 PM

June 23, 2011 @ 10:00 AM

Mouse River, Ward County



June 2011

Burlington (Ward County)





May 22, 2011

June 25, 2011

FORT LINCOLN, ND



TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 2011 (8:19AM) GAGE HEIGHT AT BISMARCK ≈ 18'



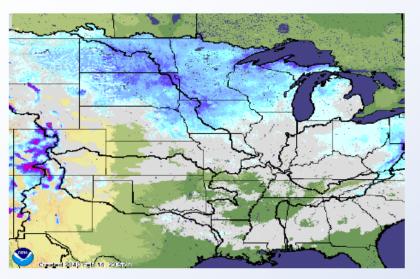
MONDAY, OCTOBER 3, 2011 (3:02PM)
GAGE HEIGHT AT BISMARCK ≈ 6.5'

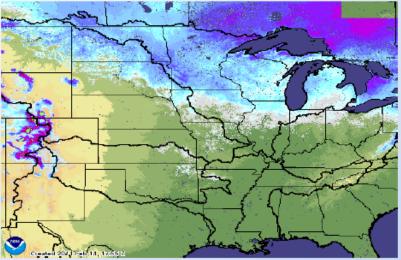


Marinou Outlook 2012 flood Outlook

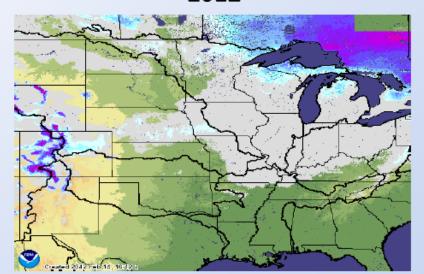
3-Year SWE Comparison

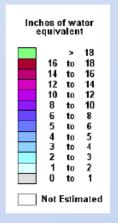
2010 2011





2012



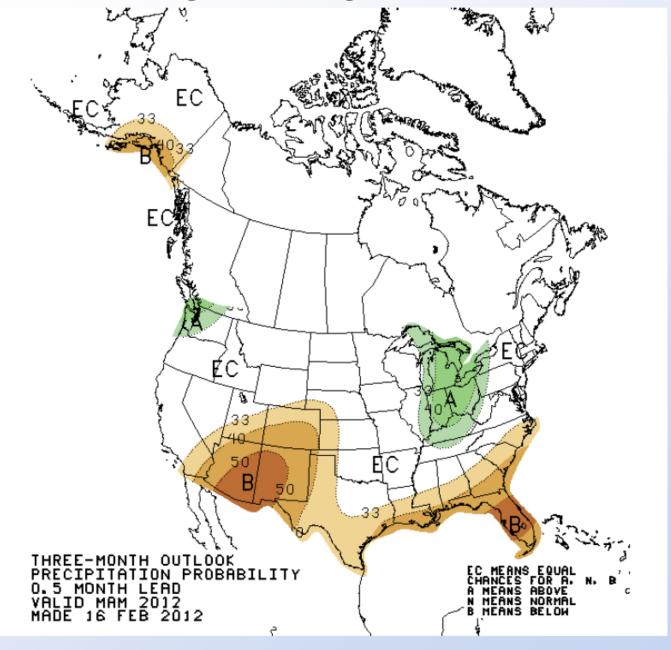








March-May Precipitation Outlook



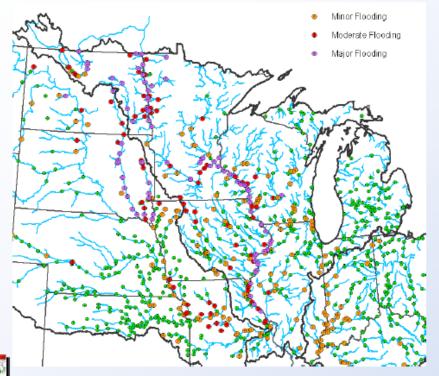




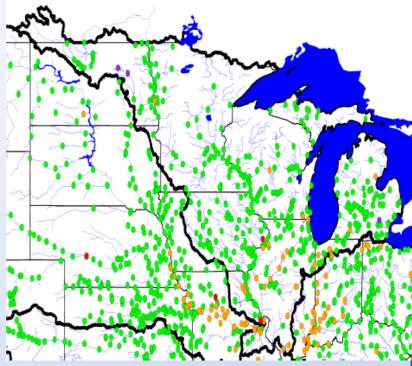


Upper Mississippi and Red River of the North

50 Percent Chance Category 2011



50 Percent Chance Category 2012











2012 Flood Outlook

- Current conditions indicate a markedly lower threat for significant spring riverine flooding than the previous 3 years
- Prairie potholes remain unusually full of water and result in a lack of natural storage
- Majority of flood risk will be due to spring rains and unpredictable ice jams
 - High water already at Bismarck and Williston
 - Likely due to changes in the river channel and its response

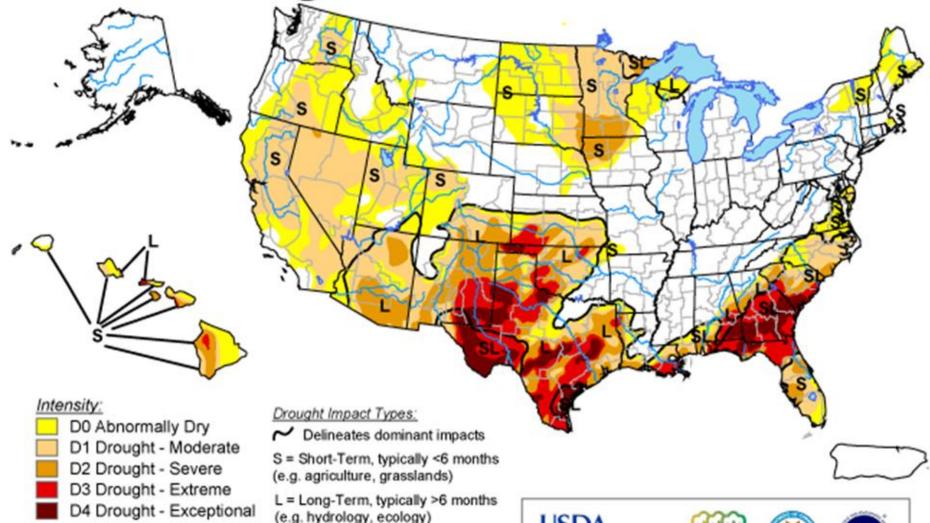
Flood Preparedness Activities

- Flood Response Alert Notification
- Addressing 2011 Flood After Action Items
- Information and Intelligence Unit
- Threat Assessment (NWS, SWC)
- State-Federal Summit
- Updating Resource Inventory Lists
- Updating Flood Risk Assessment Board
- Developed Ice Jam Overview Document

Maile Outlock

U.S. Drought Monitor

February 14, 2012



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

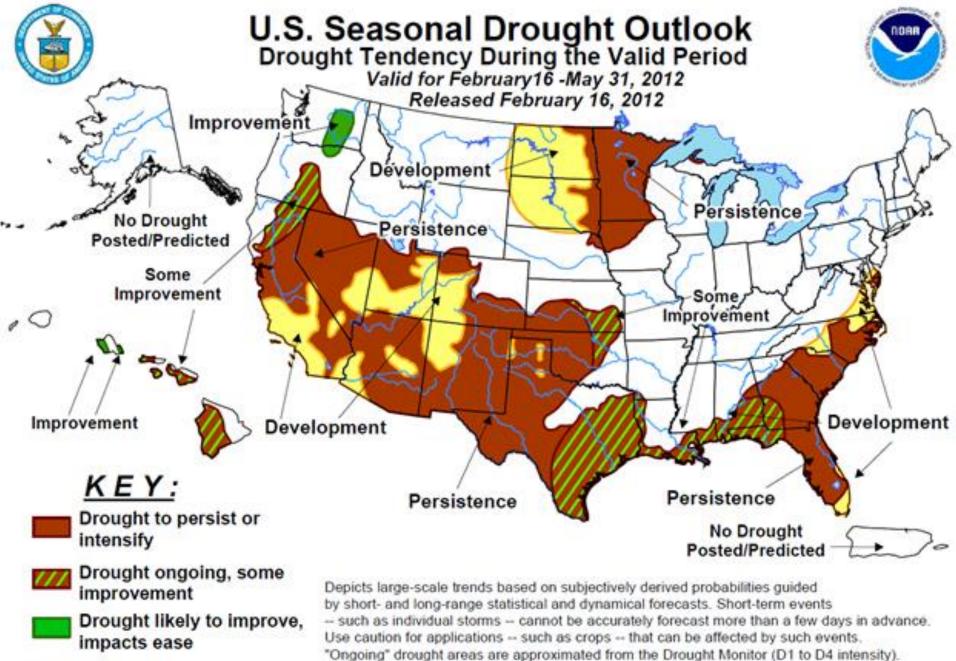








Released Thursday, February 16, 2012 Author: Rich Tinker, NOAA/NWS/NCEP/CPC



Drought development likely

Use caution for applications -- such as crops -- that can be affected by such events.

"Ongoing" drought areas are approximated from the Drought Monitor (D1 to D4 intensity).

For weekly drought updates, see the latest U.S. Drought Monitor. NOTE: the green improvement areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels, but do not necessarily imply drought elimination.

2012 Fire Outlook

- Expecting an earlier fire season; mid-March (typical fire season is mid-April)
- Main concern is southwest ND
- Significant fuel loads
- Concern with downed timber due to 2011 flooding and windstorms
- Concern with fire start impacts in oil-field counties

Fire Preparedness Activities

- Fire Response Alert Notification (issued end of February)
- Updating Fire Incident Annex
- Spring Fire Coordination Meeting (March 6th TENTATIVE)
- Assessment of available ND fire resources

NDDES Warehouses

Located in Bismarck





Heated Storage

Cold Storage

ND DEPARTMENT OF EMERGENCY SERVICES

RESOURCE HANDBOOK





